

Eastern Sand Darter (*Ammocrypta pellucida*)

Pennsylvania Endangered Fish Species

State Rank: S1 (critically imperiled) Global Rank: G3 (vulnerable)

Identification

The sand darter is a small member of the Perch Family, averaging 2 1/2 inches in length. Adults are pale yellow above and silvery below, with a row of green spots along the top and sides. The flesh has a somewhat transparent quality.

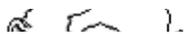


Biology-Natural History

Sand darters spawn from early June until late July in the Ohio River basin, somewhat later in the Great Lakes. The young are white or silvery and, like the adults, feed primarily on small insect larvae or other invertebrates. Sand darters conceal themselves in sand, with only their eyes and snout protruding, and dart out to capture prey.

Preferred Habitat

Sand darters are found in streams ranging in size from small creeks to large rivers, with a bottom of sand, silt, mud or gravel, and in the wave-protected sandy beaches of Lake Erie. Sandy raceways of large rivers are preferred.



North American State/Province Conservation Status

Map by NatureServe (August 2007)

